



IRWIN

# Integration Specification

## Learning API v11

Prepared By: IRWIN Core Team

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# 1 Introduction

Integrated Reporting of Wildfire Information (IRWIN) is a Wildland Fire Information and technology (WFIT) affiliated investment intended to enable an “end-to-end” reporting capability. IRWIN provides data exchange capabilities between existing applications used to manage data related to wildland fire incidents and resources. IRWIN services are focused on the goals of reducing redundant data entry, identifying authoritative data sources, and improving the consistency, accuracy, and availability of operational data. By interconnecting systems, new and updated information is automatically available to the different interagency systems and to a dashboard to provide queries and reports. This capability supports a number of needs and provides benefits throughout the wildland fire community, including:

1. Allow consistent reporting of data
2. Reduce the duplicate entry of data
3. Identify authoritative sources of data
4. Speed access to data located in diverse source systems
5. Increase data accuracy, and
6. Increase the availability of data

To facilitate this, IRWIN provides a common data exchange capability across all participating functional areas for capturing, reporting, and sharing Learning information. It is an objective for IRWIN to facilitate data integration services among systems to support near real-time availability of new and updated information to the relevant interagency systems. This is primarily accomplished by integrating these systems through the IRWIN Application Programming Interface (API): a RESTful web API providing a common method to exchange wildland fire data.

## 1.1 Purpose and Audience

The Learning Integration Specification introduces and expands upon those topics necessary to begin data exchange through the IRWIN Learning API. A formal discovery process is required to obtain an authentication credential, which allows access to the IRWIN Learning API. This document is not a replacement for that process. In addition, IRWIN provides a separate API for data exchange of incident, resource, and Learning information.

The IRWIN Community is comprised of the IRWIN Core Team and IRWIN Extended Teams. The IRWIN Core Team is responsible for developing and supporting the technical integration based on requirements provided by the Wildland Fire Community. The IRWIN Core team is comprised of technical developers, data architects, business leads and implementation leads. IRWIN Extended Teams represent the technical and businesspersons who support a system that exchanges data with other systems through the IRWIN Integration Service.

This document is intended for extended teams and particularly their system developers responsible for modifying their application for data exchange within the IRWIN Learning integration services.

### 1.1.1 Associated Documents

#### *IRWIN Data Mapping Workbook*

A workbook containing sheets for the IRWIN data element details and Authoritative Data Source (ADS) matrix. <https://www.wildfire.gov/application/irwin-integrated-reporting-wildfire-information>

## 1.2 Communication Network

### 1.2.1 IRWIN Observer

Observer is a tool for discovering IRWIN incidents and resources and understanding the data exchange transactions that have occurred. Observer is available for all three IRWIN environments and can be used to interact with both root and next versions of the IRWIN APIs.

- TEST: <https://irwint.doi.gov/observer>
- TEST/next: <https://irwint.doi.gov/observer?v=next>
- OAT: <https://irwinoat.doi.gov/observer>
- OAT/next: <https://irwinoat.doi.gov/observer?v=next>
- Production: <https://irwin.doi.gov/observer>

### 1.2.2 IRWIN Website

Public facing site providing information regarding IRWIN.

<https://www.wildfire.gov/application/irwin-integrated-reporting-wildfire-information>

### 1.2.3 IRWIN Project Wildland Fire Application Information Portal

<https://www.wildfire.gov/application/irwin-integrated-reporting-wildfire-information>

## 1.3 Points of Contact

Kara Stringer – IRWIN Business Lead

[kara\\_stringer@ios.doi.gov](mailto:kara_stringer@ios.doi.gov)

435.400.4301

Brandon Green - IRWIN Project Manager

[Brandon\\_Green@ios.doi.gov](mailto:Brandon_Green@ios.doi.gov)

410.303.3307

## 2 Conceptual Architecture

The IRWIN Learning API (Application Programmer Interface) is designed to broker common wildland fire Learning data across various applications. This RESTful API exposes standard Add, Query, and Update utility operations, allowing integrated systems to share operational data. Although the API is customized, it follows standard extension guidelines of the underlying ArcGIS Server software. These custom operations:

- Validate data standards
- Enforce updates on an element-by-element basis only by authenticated systems
- Provide operations specific to the business needs of the wildland fire community

The API's role is to provide the ability for many disparate systems to create and edit learning information, or retrieve updated learning data on demand. With the understanding that these external systems leverage different core technologies, languages, platforms, are in varying lifecycle stages, or have different business rules, the API provides a common, flexible approach to integration yet enforces NWCG accepted standards and business workflows.

The workflow for Learning management can be accessed by referencing these [LucidCharts](#).

This diagram provides a reference for external system business and technical persons for designing and testing the IRWIN integration interface.

## 3 Environments

IRWIN has three API environments: TEST, Operational Acceptance Testing (OAT), and Production (PROD). During any release, the release package is promoted from TEST to OAT to PROD. Each promotion only occurs after appropriate testing and acceptance. Each Extended System is given credentials to authenticate to each environment.

Within the TEST and OAT environments, there is a "next" folder. The software exposed in TEST/next and OAT/next is considered under-development. The software at the root is considered stable and is identical to the API on PROD. The following table describes each environment's intended purpose:

	TEST	OAT	Production
root	Extended Systems testing against released software.	Extended Systems testing & QA against released software.	Extended Systems using IRWIN API as an integration service.

next	<a href="https://irwint.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services">https://irwint.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services</a>	<a href="https://irwinoat.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services">https://irwinoat.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services</a>	<a href="https://irwin.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services">https://irwin.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services</a>
	IRWIN Core Team testing against under-development software.  <a href="https://irwint.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services/next">https://irwint.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services/next</a>	Extended Systems testing against under-development software.  <a href="https://irwinoat.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services/next">https://irwinoat.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services/next</a>	

For more information about the release workflow across these environments, please reference the [Data Management - Integrated Reporting of Wildfire Information \(IRWIN\)](#).

### 3.1 Accessing Root v Next APIs

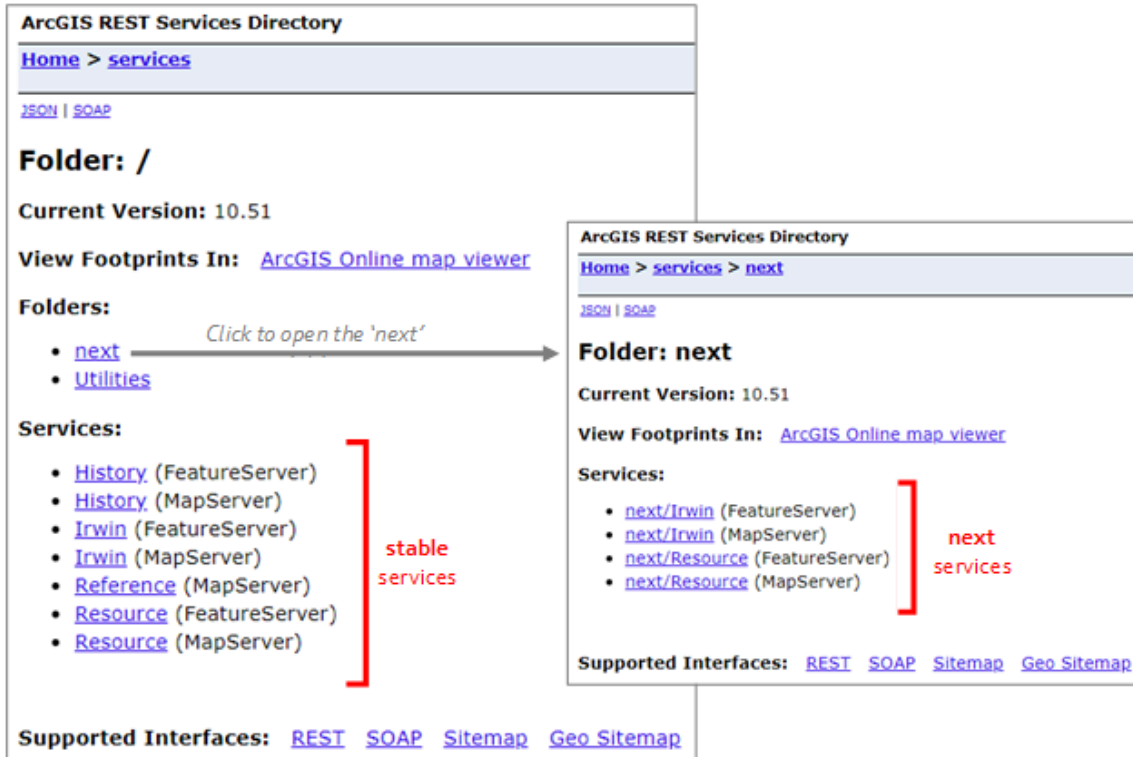
The root and next services are accessed through IRWIN's ArcGIS REST Services Directory, which varies by IRWIN environment:

Environment	ArcGIS REST Services Directory URL
<b>TEST</b>	<a href="https://irwint.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services">https://irwint.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services</a>
<b>OAT</b>	<a href="https://irwinoat.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services">https://irwinoat.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services</a>
<b>Production</b>	<a href="https://irwin.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services">https://irwin.doi.gov/arcgis/rest/services</a>

The root services can be accessed through the Services portion of the ArcGIS REST Services Directory. The Services portion of the ArcGIS REST Services Directory is accessible on all IRWIN environments.

The TEST/next and OAT/next services can be accessed by selecting 'next' under the Folders portion of the ArcGIS REST Services Directory. The 'next' folder is only accessible on IRWIN's TEST and OAT environments.

The figure below illustrates how to access both root and next services. These screens are for example purposes only, so the version number and layer/table list may be different when accessing real time.



ArcGIS API REST Endpoints Example Screen

## 3.2 Checking the API Version

To validate or check the API version to which you are connecting, use the value "IRWIN\_API\_Version" which is a property that can be found by reading the JSON response of either the root or any layer of the feature service.



## 4 Approach to Integration

Integration with IRWIN's Learning API involves analyzing the extended team system's user workflows to understand where their users assign frequencies to incidents (creation of incident learning relationships) using the (ADD), read (QUERY), and edit or invalidate existing Learning records (UPDATE). Each of these actions are "Integration Points" where the partner system may be adjusted to include calls to IRWIN web services.

**NOTE:** IRWIN does not push data to connected systems, but rather allows connected systems to publish and consume data via services.

This analysis is known as the "Discovery Process". Over the course of this process, the primary focus is to understand alignment with common workflows to discover Integration Points. The workflows are diagrammed and then expanded to analyze how the integration with IRWIN might occur, as well as if additional requirements need to be analyzed with the Core team.

The outcome of the discovery process is a mutual understanding between the IRWIN Core and Extended teams regarding how to integrate. The following key questions drive a standard discovery process:

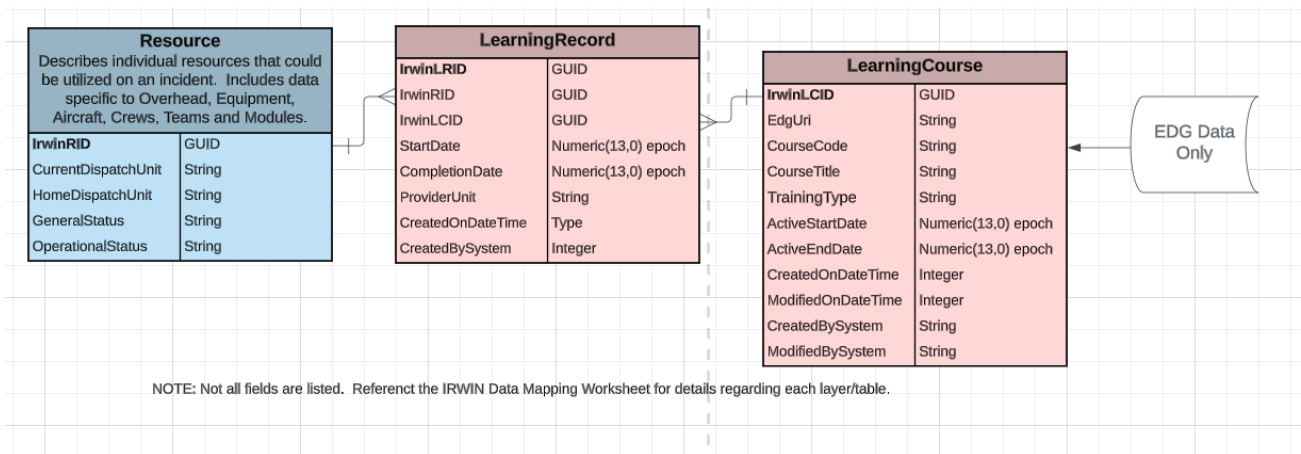
- What is the application's architecture and overall design?
- Does the application currently communicate over HTTPS?
- Does the system create new resource learning relationships? If so, what is the workflow?
- Does the system update existing learning relationships? If so, what is the workflow?
- What data elements does the system require to minimally define an incident frequency relationship?
- Does the application store learning relationship data or require local processing?
- Does the system share or ingest information with other applications via data export, reports, or APIs?

Following the Discovery Process, the system is provided credentials to TEST and OAT environments to begin their development against the IRWIN API. External systems using the API will require a level of integration testing, facilitated by the IRWIN business leads, before being issued credentials to the Production environment. This integration testing occurs between January and March each year.

Besides the specific integration points mentioned above, applications will need to maintain synchronization with IRWIN in order to acquire data updates from other participating systems. This may be accomplished by creating a process to continuously poll IRWIN at predefined intervals (seconds or minutes), or as users access the incident frequency data. Synchronization also includes taking action on specific "patterns" that may affect the incident frequency relationship data, which signal specific actions to occur. In this manner, all systems should

maintain a high degree of data integrity, allowing for more efficient data integration across applications.

## 5 Development Considerations



This section provides guidance to developers in understanding the main areas of coding for interacting with the Learning API to exchange data. The learning service contains one feature service data layers, allowing RESTful interaction via exposed web operations. The figure below depicts the Learning Feature Server layer and related tables.

- **Resource Table**
  - Describes individual resources that could be utilized on an incident. Includes data specific to Overhead, Equipment, Aircraft, Crews, Teams, and Modules.
- **LearningRecord Table**
  - Contains all records of learning for all resources. Only completed learning is stored.
- **LearningCourse Table**
  - Contains course information records provide by Enterprise Data Governance (EDG).

## 5.1 Authentication and Authorization

All integrated systems are provided a system level account to authenticate with the IRWIN Learning API. Systems will authenticate by acquiring a short-lived token string via the GenerateToken operation and adding its value to a token parameter when making any succeeding web calls to IRWIN. As part of the GenerateToken response, the token's expiration time is provided. Once the token's expiration time is met, the integrated system needs to request a new token.

**NOTE: The maximum token lifetime that may be requested in IRWIN is 60 minutes. A token should not be requested more than twice per hour. Best practice is requesting once every hour.**

When generating a token, a parameter named 'client' is supplied. There are several options for this parameter as described in the online documentation. It is recommended that systems use the 'referer' client as the supplied parameter. This option avoids issues such as IPs that may change between requests of getting the token and subsequent calls that use the token, and is a more stable option in environments where IPs may not always remain the same. To implement this, when the token is requested, the client value is supplied as 'referer', and a value is supplied for the optional 'referer' parameter. This value for 'referer' can be any value, but will need to be supplied on subsequent calls that use the token and the two values must match.

Sample input:

```
username='yoursystem',  
password='yourpassword',  
client='referer',  
referer='YOUR REFERER VALUE',  
expiration=60,  
f=json
```

On subsequent calls that use this token, the token value must be supplied, and the REFERER header value in any HTTP requests must match the value for 'referer' provided in the token request.

Documentation for the GenerateToken operation can be found at:

<https://developers.arcgis.com/documentation/>

Once a credential system connects to IRWIN, access to individual API operations and data elements is based on authorization roles. Each integrated system is placed into a role defined during the discovery process. For example, all read only systems have an "LearningReadOnly" role. Learning Management Systems that will write have LearnerSystem roles.

For a full list of available roles relative to learning, reference the table below.

Learning API Role	Detail
<b>LearningReadOnly</b>	<p>Role for systems that only read data from IRWIN. Grants access to read only operations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Query LearningRecord and LearningCourse</li> </ul>
<b>LearningSystem</b>	<p>Role Learning Management Systems, allowing read only from LearningCourse and write actions to LearningRecord.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Query LearningRecord and LearningCourse</li> <li>• Update LearningRecord</li> <li>• Add LearningRecord</li> </ul> <p>With this role, the minimum required data elements for adding or updating a Learning Record are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IrwinRID</li> <li>• IrwinLCID</li> <li>• CompletionDate</li> </ul>
<b>REFERENCEDATA STEWARD</b>	<p>Role for Reference Data Systems, allowing read and write actions to IRWIN. Grants access to the following operations and enforces required fields on Add or Update:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Query LearningCourse and LearningRecord</li> <li>• Update LearningCourse</li> <li>• Add LearningCourse</li> </ul> <p>With this role, the minimum required data elements for adding or updating a Learning Course are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IrwinRID</li> <li>• IrwinLCID</li> <li>• CompletionDate</li> <li>• CourseCode</li> </ul>

## 5.2 Key Data Concepts

The Enterprise Data Governance (EDG) tool maintained and operated by the Office of Wildland Fire Data Management Program is the system of record for learning. All validation for learning data will be performed within EDG and will be read and loaded into the IRWIN Course table.

There are several data elements that are fundamental to understanding the IRWIN Learning data. Please reference the IRWIN Data Mapping Workbook <https://www.wildfire.gov/application/irwin-integrated-reporting-wildfire-information> for more detailed information on the Learning data elements.

## 5.3 Reading Learning

Reading learning data is accomplished through the ArcGIS REST QueryFeatures service layer operation referencing the learning feature layer number (0). This generic read operation allows for a wide variety of spatial and SQL where clause queries to be executed against the underlying data, returning an array of matched features. Query will accept IrwinLRID(s) or any other search criteria in the form of a where clause, as well as specify which fields to return.

Documentation for Query can be found at: <https://developers.arcgis.com/documentation/>.

### 5.4.1 Maintaining Synchronization

Synchronization can be accomplished by periodically “polling” IRWIN using the ArcGIS REST Query operation referencing the Learning feature layer index number. The criteria included in the query's “where clause” can be written based on how the system wants to maintain synchronization.

#### *Continuous Polling*

Systems which store and process learning data locally may periodically poll IRWIN to acquire updated learning information. Using the Query API operation, systems will request updates between a start and end date/time on which the learning record was modified or created – essentially requesting blocks of time. Updates returned are the current state of each learning record that has been created or updated since the start date/time. This standard long-polling technique will require the application to maintain a fairly high level of synchronization in order to preserve cross-system integrity and maintain a smaller request payload.

Using Query, there are two common ways to implement this pattern:

1. **Allow IRWIN to provide inputs for syncing:** The most common way to accomplish sync is to provide an original value for the `modifiedOnDateTime` parameter to be used for the Query where clause and query for all frequencies and/or incident relationships after this date. In the query response, IRWIN provides the next `modifiedOnDateTime` value as the `nextSyncDateTime` property. Use the `nextSyncDateTime` as the value to poll for in the subsequent call. This is the best way to keep up to date if the integrated system intends to maintain and process IRWIN updates locally. Note that the `modifiedOnDateTime` is set when the incident relationship is first created, so examining dates modified will also capture newly created learning records.
2. **Request distinct blocks of time:** Request distinct blocks of time by setting an upper and lower limit for the `modifiedOnDateTime` parameters in the Query where clause. This allows the client to fully control the block of time, and as long as blocks are contiguous, no updates will be missed.

### *Lazy Load Updates*

Systems may choose to load IRWIN updates upon user accessing a particular learning record. This pattern is appropriate only for those systems that originate all new records within their purview (such as a CAD) or have previously established context with a learning record via an IrwinLCID pair. With an IrwinLCID in hand, the system may use the Query operation and supply the pair as part of the where clause to acquire the latest state of the learning record.

## 5.5 Learning Record Creation

Learning record relates to a Resource and can be created using the ArcGIS REST AddFeatures operation. This generic create operation allows for individual or batch features to be created against the underlying data layer. AddFeatures will accept one or more standard feature objects, which express the Learning record(s) the user wishes to create. Reference the *IRWIN Data Mapping Workbook* for details regarding required fields, data types, valid values and validation rules for Learning and Learning record data elements.

All submitted data elements are run against validation in order to enforce data standards. A successful creation will result in a response indicating success and the learning record payload (i.e., IrwinLRId, and values of auto-calculated data elements) for the integrated system to act on. If the AddFeatures operation fails validation, an error response object is returned.

Documentation for AddFeatures can be found at:

<https://developers.arcgis.com/documentation/>.

## 5.6 Learning Record Updates

Learning records are updated in IRWIN using the ArcGIS REST UpdateFeatures operation. This generic update operation allows for individual or batch features to be updated against the underlying data layer. UpdateFeatures will accept one or more standard feature objects, which express the Learning record(s) the user wishes to update.

Documentation for UpdateFeatures can be found at:

<https://developers.arcgis.com/documentation/>.

## 5.7 Auto-Generated Values in IRWIN

The IRWIN API has a series of auto-generated data elements, many are accompanied by additional logic. These auto-generated elements are spelled out below:

1. IRWIN automatically sets the following fields when an Learning Record is created:
  - a. CreatedOnDateTime = now() (in UTC)
  - b. CreatedBySystem = userid of system submitting the incident
  - c. IrwinLRID = GUID randomly generated
2. IRWIN automatically sets the following fields when any data element in a Learning record is updated:
  - a. ModifiedOnDateTime = now() (in UTC)



- b. ModifiedBySystem =now() (in UTC)

## 5.8 Record Validation

IRWIN will perform these record validations at the time of creation.

1. Only existing resources can have a created learning record
2. Only existing courses can be added to a learning record
3. Only completed courses can be added to a learning record
  - a. CompletionDate < now() (in UTC)

## 5.9 Learner Matching

The planned learner matching process between IRWIN and integrating Learning Systems is in development. The process will match Learners to existing Resources records in IRWIN.

## 6 Error Handling

The IRWIN API returns a variety of indicators and status codes detailing the success or failure of actions. Upon addFeatures or updateFeatures, a boolean "success" property is returned, indicating if the action was successful or not. If false, an error property is also returned which lists the error code (indicating the kind of error) and description (providing the actual error messages).

Note: If an element is prevented from being updated due to the system's ADS permission hierarchy, that element(s) will be listed in the skippedElements portion of the response.

Additional Documentation for error responses can be found at:

<https://developers.arcgis.com/documentation/>.

IRWIN Exception Codes include:

Description	Code
Initialization Exception	8001
Configuration Exception	8002
Unauthorized Exception	8003
Validation Exception	8004
Json Geometry Exception	8005
Operation Failed Exception	8006

## 6.1 Validation Errors

If the request results in one or more validation errors, the response will include an "error" object with the "code" property specified as 8004. The "description" property of the error object will be an array of validation error objects. Each validation error that is relevant will be included as a separate object with one of the following codes and messages.

JSON Syntax:

```
{
  "objectId": <objectId>, //int, objectId value of the updated/inserted feature
  "globalId": <globalId>, //string, string globalId value of updated/inserted feature
  "success": <true | false>, //boolean, false if edit was not applied
  "error": { //only returned if success is false
    "code": <code>, //integer, error code
    "description": [ //array of validation error objects
      {
        "error": {
          "code": <code>, //integer, error code
          "message": <message>, //string, validation error message/description
          "conflictObjectId": <conflictObjectId> //integer, only returned if validation
error is a "unique" conflict
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

In the following tables, text highlighted in gray represents example values only; the actual text may vary based on the input and/or context.

Code	Example Message	What does it mean?	How to fix it?
------	-----------------	--------------------	----------------

101	value (This is wrong!) must be composed of alphanumeric, hyphen, or period characters.	The value may only contain letters, numbers, hyphens (-), and/or periods (.)	Remove any characters from the value that are not letters, numerical digits, hyphens, or periods.
103	value (X) must be an accepted value ([A B C]).	The value must be one of a defined list (or "domain").	Ensure the value you are passing matches one of the specified values in the domain values for this field. <b>Note that case may be important.</b>
105	Invalid type. Expected number.	The value must be a number; spaces, letters, or other non-numeric characters are not allowed. Periods and hyphens may be allowed if they are contextually relevant, such as for floating point or negative values.	Ensure the value is a number with no spaces.
	value (10) must not exceed 5.	The numerical value must be less than or equal to the stated maximum.	Lower the value to less than or equal to the maximum.
106	value (abcdefg) must not exceed 6 characters.	The value is too long.	Shorten the length of the value.
107	Invalid type. Expected number.	The value must be a number; spaces, letters, or other non-numeric characters are not allowed. Periods and hyphens may be allowed if they are contextually relevant, such as for floating point or negative values.	Ensure the value is a number with no spaces.
	value (1) must exceed 5.	The numerical value must be more than or equal to the stated minimum.	Raise the value to more than or equal to the minimum.

108	value ( <b>tooshort</b> ) must be at least <b>15</b> characters.	The value is too short.	Lengthen the value to be at least the minimum length; spaces are not valid padding. Typically this means left-padding the value with zeroes.
109	value is not nullable.	The value cannot be omitted on addFeatures or nullified on updateFeatures.	For addFeatures requests, you must include a non-null value. For updateFeatures, ensure the value is not being set to "null".
110	value contains disallowed characters.	The value contains characters that are not allowed for this field, such as spaces or special characters.	Check the value to ensure it contains only characters relevant to this field data.
111	a value is required for <b>IrwinCAD</b> systems.	(Systems with IrwinCAD role only) This value is required on addFeatures.	Ensure the value is not missing or null.
112	a value is required.	This value is required.	Ensure the value is not missing or null.
113	value ( <b>XXWRNG</b> ) must begin with a valid state code.	The first two characters of this string value must be a valid state abbreviation (or, in certain cases, "CA" or "MX").	Ensure the first two characters are a valid NWCG-standard state code (or "CA" or "MX", if the relevant data falls within Canada or Mexico accordingly)
114	value ( <b>123</b> ) must be type string.	The value must be a string, and cannot be passed as a JSON-specified type of boolean, number, array, or object.	Ensure the value is enclosed by quotes.
	value ( <b>3.14</b> ) must be type integer.	The value must be a whole number.	Ensure the numerical value is a whole number with no decimal.

	value ( <b>wrong</b> ) must be type float.	The value must be a number.	Ensure the value is a number.
	value ( <b>Sunday, 23 Feb 2019</b> ) must be type epoch datetime (long integer).	The value must be a valid datetime value in Unix-time (or "epoch"-time) format.	Ensure that the value is a datetime value, expressed as a whole number of milliseconds after 12:00 am, January 1, 1970. This will be a 13-digit number.
	value ( <b>[34.01,-117.34]</b> ) must be type geometry.	The value was not recognized as a correctly formatted JSON geometry.	Ensure the value is a correctly formed JSON object, with (at a minimum) a value for "x" and "y".
	value ( <b>{"lat":34.01,"lon":-117.34}</b> ) must be a correctly formed geometry object	The value was not recognized as a correctly formatted JSON geometry.	Ensure the value is a correctly formed JSON object, with (at a minimum) a value for "x" and "y".
201	Error querying for <b>IrwinID</b> <b>069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862: Database error</b>	Depending on the error, this may indicate a server failure of some kind.	Check your input data and try again. If this happens repeatedly, please report it to the IRWIN implementation team.
	Error parsing <b>IrwinID</b>	The IRWIN API couldn't parse the specified ID value.	Ensure the IrwinID/IrwinFID is a valid GUID, specified as a string value with no leading/trailing braces.
205	value ( <b>069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862</b> ) must be an existing IrwinID.	The specified IrwinID was not found in the incident layer.	Check to make sure you are using the correct IrwinID.

	Error querying for IrwinID (069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862): Database error	Depending on the error, this may indicate a server failure of some kind.	Check your input data and try again. If this happens repeatedly, please report it to the IRWIN implementation team.
206	value (069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862) must be an existing IrwinID.	The specified IrwinID was not found in the incident layer.	Check to make sure you are using the correct IrwinID.
	Error querying for IrwinID (069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862): Database error	Depending on the error, this may indicate a server failure of some kind.	Check your input data and try again. If this happens repeatedly, please report it to the IRWIN implementation team.
	value (069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862) is not valid.	The specified IrwinID refers to an incident that contains IsValid = 0 (false).	Check to make sure you are using the correct IrwinID. Otherwise, you may need to update the relevant incident to set IsValid = 1.
210	Cannot determine parent IrwinID.	The IRWIN API couldn't find or parse the specified ParentIrwinID value. That is, a valid ParentIrwinID was not found in the request.	Ensure the ParentIrwinID is a valid GUID, specified as a string value with no leading/trailing braces.
	Cannot determine child IrwinID.	The IRWIN API couldn't find or parse the specified ChildIrwinID value. That is, a valid ChildIrwinID was not found in the request.	Ensure the ChildIrwinID is a valid GUID, specified as a string value with no leading/trailing braces.
	Error querying for IrwinIds (069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862, 069BA152-C519-4502-A560-	Depending on the error, this may indicate a server failure of some kind.	Check your input data and try again. If this happens repeatedly, please report it to

	3F72754FB863): Database error		the IRWIN implementation team.
	Parent incident type category must be 'CX' to create a relationship of type 'Complex'.	It is only possible to create an incident relationship with RelationshipType =  'Complex' if the parent incident has IncidentTypeCategory = 'CX'.	Ensure the ParentIrwinID refers to an incident of type category 'CX'.
	Child incident type category must be 'WF' to create a relationship of type 'Complex'.	It is only possible to create an incident relationship with RelationshipType =  'Complex' if the child incident has IncidentTypeCategory = 'WF'.	Ensure the ChildIrwinID refers to an incident of type category 'WF'.
	Parent incident type category must be 'WF' to create a relationship of type 'Merge'.	It is only possible to create an incident relationship with RelationshipType =  'Merge' if the parent incident has IncidentTypeCategory = 'WF'.	Ensure the ParentIrwinID refers to an incident of type category 'WF'.
	Child incident type category must be 'WF' to create a relationship of type 'Merge'.	It is only possible to create an incident relationship with RelationshipType =  'Merge' if the child incident has IncidentTypeCategory = 'WF'.	Ensure the ChildIrwinID refers to an incident of type category 'WF'.
211	value cannot be changed.	Once this value is set, it cannot be changed.	Remove this value from future updateFeature requests for this record.
	value cannot be changed to CX.	The value cannot be changed to the value identified in the error message (in this case, 'CX').	Change the value or remove it from the updateFeature request.



212	If value is CX, it cannot be changed.	Once this value is set to the value identified in the error message (in this case, 'CX'), it cannot be changed.	Remove this value from future updateFeature requests for this record.
213	Unable to validate whether value is required because the value of 'IncidentTypeKind' could not be parsed.	IncidentTypeKind was either not included in the request or could not be parsed correctly.	Ensure there is a valid value for IncidentTypeKind in the request.
	a value is required for incident type kind FI category WF.	If the incident has IncidentTypeKind = 'FI' and IncidentTypeCategory = 'WF', the specified value is required to be non-null.	Set a non-null value for the specified field.
800	The following IrwinIDs are already assigned to this UniqueFireIdentifier **2019-AZXYZ-LOCALID1**: 069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862	UniqueFireIdentifier consists of {FireDiscoveryDate Time Year}-{POProtectingUnit}-{LocalIncidentIdentifier}. If the combination of these three fields is identical to that of another incident, this validation – and the request – will fail.	Ensure the three values are unique in combination. Typically, the LocalIncidentIdentifier may be the easiest to change to ensure a unique combination.
900	IrwinID is invalid.	The IRWIN API couldn't find or parse the specified ID value. That is, the ID was not found in the request.	Ensure the IrwinID/  IrwinRSID is a valid GUID, specified as a string value with no leading/trailing braces.
901 -904	IrwinID  (069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3F72754FB862) not found.	The IRWIN API was unable to find a record in the relevant table/layer with the specified ID.	Ensure the IrwinID/  IrwinRSID is a valid GUID and refers to an existing record in the relevant layer.

905	Error querying for IrwinID 069BA152-C519-4502-A560-3 F72754FB862: Database error	Depending on the error, this may indicate a server failure of some kind.	Check your input data and try again. If this happens repeatedly, please report it to the IRWIN implementation team.
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## 7 Contingency Plan

Contingency plan documents are stored at <https://www.wildfire.gov/application/irwin-integrated-reporting-wildfire-information>.

## 8 Document Versions

Date	Author	Changes
8/29/2024	Eric Neyman	Release for V10
9/01/2025	Stephen Bankston	Updates for V11